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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/702,413	11/05/2003	Boris Yokhin	4350-4004	8334
27123 759	08/25/2005		EXAMINER	
MORGAN & FINNEGAN, L.L.P.			THOMAS, COURTNEY D	
3 WORLD FINANCIAL CENTER NEW YORK, NY 10281-2101			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2882	;
			DATE MAILED: 08/25/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<del></del>		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/702,413	YOKHIN, BORIS			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Courtney Thomas	2882			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SH THE - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON.  FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a roon.  , a reply within the statutory minimum of third period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	05 November 2003.				
		This action is non-final.				
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-50 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1-3,6-15,18-26,29-37 and 40-50 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) 4,5,16,17,27,28,38 and 39 is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>						
Applicati	ion Papers					
<ul> <li>9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.</li> <li>10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 November 2003</u> is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).</li> <li>11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.</li> </ul>						
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachmen	t(s)					
2) Notic 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S r No(s)/Mail Date <u>06/18/04; 07/07/04</u> .	8) Paper No(s	summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 			



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3.

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 6-15, 18-26, 29-37 and 40-50 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Janik (U.S. Patent 6,711,232) in view of Hossain et al. (U.S. Patent 6,005,915).

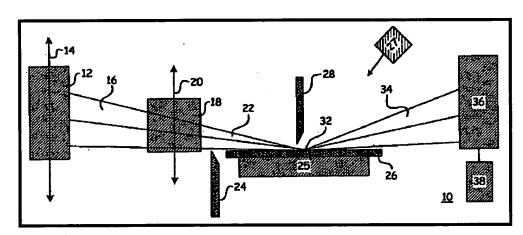


Figure 3 – X-ray Inspection Apparatus – U.S. patent 6,711,232 to Janik

4. As per claims 1, 14, 25 and 35, Janik discloses a method (and apparatus) for inspecting a sample comprising: a) irradiating a sample (26) with a polychromatic source (12-column 3, lines 50-53) of X-rays (22) comprising X-ray photons having a range of representative photon energies and b) receiving the X-rays (34) scattered from the sample at a plurality of scattering angles (column 6, lines 56-67; column 8, lines 8-12) using one or more sensors (36). Examiner notes: analyzer element 38 represents a processor of signal output received from sensors (36) -

5.

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see also column 6, lines 56-67). Janik does not explicitly disclose a method comprising analyzing output signals based on photon energies so as to determine a scattering profile of the sample at a selected photon energy within the range.

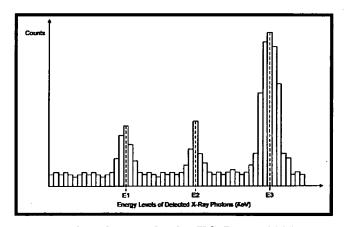


Fig. 5 - X-ray photon counts at selected energy levels - U.S. Patent 6,005,915 to Hossain et al.

- 6. Hossain et al. disclose a method (and apparatus) for inspecting a sample comprising analyzing output signals based on photon energies so as to determine a scattering profile of a sample at a selected photon energy within the range (see Fig. 5 above). Hossain et al. teach that such a method enables fast, non-contact, non-destructive and inexpensive determination of topological defects on an object of interest (Abstract; column 5, lines 22-53).
- 7. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the method (and apparatus) of Janik such that it incorporated the step of analyzing output signals based on photon energies so as to determine a scattering profile of a sample at a selected photon energy within the range. One would have been motivated to make such a modification for the purpose of providing fast, non-contact, non-destructive and inexpensive determination of topological defects on an object of interest, as suggested by Hossain et al. (Abstract; column 4, lines 52-57; column 5, lines 22-53).

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8. As per claims 2, 15, 26 and 36, Janik as modified above, disclose a method (and

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apparatus) wherein irradiating the sample comprises collimating the beam of X-rays (see Fig. 3

above).

9. As per claims 3 and 37, Janik as modified above, disclose a method (and apparatus)

wherein analyzing output signals comprises the scattering profile at selected first and second

photon energies within the range (see Janik: column 6, lines 56-67; column 8, lines 8-12;

Hossain et al.: Abstract; column 5, lines 22-53).

10. As per claims 6-13, 18-24, 29-34 and 40-46, Janik as modified above, disclose a method

(and apparatus) wherein receiving X-rays comprises receiving scattered X-rays using an array of

detector elements, arranged so that each of the elements receives the scattered X-rays at one of

the plurality of scattering angles (see Fig. 3 above); wherein analyzing the output signals

comprises counting X-ray photons that are incident on the detector elements at the selected

photon energy (see Fig. 5 above); wherein counting the X-ray photons comprises processing

pulses that are generated by each of the detector elements due to the scattered X-rays that are

incident thereon (see Fig. 5, above) and further comprising receiving the X-rays reflected from

the sample over multiple elevation angles using the array of detector elements, and analyzing the

output signals based on the photon energies so as to determine a reflectometric profile of the

sample at the selected photon energy.

11. As per claims 47-50, Janik as modified above, do not explicitly disclose an apparatus

comprising a deposition station or production station adapted to receive a semiconductor wafer.

12. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the

invention was made to further modify the apparatus of Janik, such that it incorporated a

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deposition station and/or production station adapted to receive a semiconductor wafer. One

would have been motivated to make such a modification for the purpose of enabling in-situ

inspection of wafers during production processes as suggested by Hossain et al. (see column 2,

lines 40-44).

Allowable Subject Matter

13. Claims 4-5, 16-17, 27-28, and 38-39 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected

base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the

limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

14. As per claims 4 and 16 and dependent claims 5 and 17 respectively, the examiner

found no reference in the prior art that disclosed or made obvious a method, comprising the step,

wherein irradiating a sample comprises generating abeam using an X-ray tube having an anode

comprising an anode material, wherein first and second photon energies correspond to first and

second emission lines of the anode material.

15. As per claims 27 and 38 and dependent claims 28 and 39 respectively, the examiner

found no reference in the prior art that disclosed or made obvious an apparatus, wherein the

radiation source comprises an X-ray tube having an anode comprising an anode material,

wherein first and second photon energies correspond to first and second atomic emission lines of

the anode material.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Courtney Thomas whose telephone number is (571) 272-2496.

The examiner can normally be reached on M - F (9 am - 5 pm).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ed Glick can be reached on (571) 272 2490. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Courtney Thomas

Courtney Thomas

Examiner

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